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SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS/ NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS

RELIGION STUDIES P1

MAY/JUNE 2024

MARKING GUIDELINES

MARKS: 150

These marking guidelines consist of 9 pages.

Religion Studies/P1

SC/NSC – Marking Guidelines

DBE/May/June 2024

SECTION A (COMPULSORY)

QUESTION 1

1.1	1.1.1 1.1.2 1.1.3 1.1.4 1.1.5 1.1.6 1.1.7 1.1.8 1.1.9 1.1.10	$\begin{array}{c} C \checkmark \\ B \checkmark \\ A \checkmark \\ B \checkmark \\ A \checkmark \\ D \checkmark \\ C \checkmark \\ A \checkmark \\ B \checkmark \\ C \checkmark \end{array}$	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (10)
1.2	1.2.1 1.2.2 1.2.3 1.2.4 1.2.5 1.2.6	Mahayana Buddhism√ Constantine√ Exclusivist√ Judaism√ Shinto√ Atheist√	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (6)
1.3.	1.3.1 1.3.2 1.3.3 1.3.4 1.3.5 1.3.6	$H\sqrt{F\sqrt{F\sqrt{G\sqrt{B\sqrt{C\sqrt{C\sqrt{C\sqrt{C}}}}}}}$	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (6)
1.4	1.4.1	King $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	(2)
	1.4.2	Halakhah $$ The other three are sacred texts of Hinduism. $$	(2)
	1.4.3	Brahmo Samaj $$ The other three are founders of different religions. $$	(2)
	1.4.4	Methodist Church $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	(2)
	1.4.5	Bahá'i faith $\sqrt{}$ The other three are Abrahamic religions. $\sqrt{}$ (5 x 2)	(2) (10)

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1.5	1.5.1	False $$ Tripitaka is the sacred source for the Buddhist religion. $$ OR A mantra is a short, sacred verse/phrase used repeatedly in prayer or meditation. $$	(2)
	1.5.2	False $$ 'Sutta' in Buddhism refers to the words of the Buddha. $$ OR 'Kosher' is that which is permissible in the Jewish religion. $$	(2)
	1.5.3	False $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	(2)
	1.5.4	False $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	(2)
	1.5.5	False $\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!$	(2) (10)
1.6	1.6.1	 She is the founder of Icamagu Spiritual Development Centre. √ Researcher on African Traditional Religion. √ Author of many books on African Traditional Religion. √ NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. 	(2)
	1.6.2	 The founder of Taoism. √ He was born with grey hair. √ He wrote the <i>Tao Te Ching</i>. √ NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. 	(2)
	1.6.3	 A story stating a general truth. √ It is a collection of generations of wisdom. √ Collection of moral sayings and counsels forming a book of canonical Jewish and Christian Scripture. √ This was as "a book in the Bible/Old Testament. It was written by King Solomon. NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. 	(2)
	1.6.4	 A spiritual discipline including breath control. √ Simple meditation and specific body postures. √ Originated from Hinduism. √ 	(2)
		NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.	(8)
		TOTAL SECTION A:	50

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SECTION B

QUESTION 2

2.1	2.1.1	 The ritual of daily prayer done five times in the Islamic religion One of the five pillars of faith in the Islamic religion From puberty every Muslim man and woman must pray Saalat. The Salaat is done in Arabic, and particular movements and postures are adhered to. 	(4)
	2.1.2	 Unity refers to those factors that lead to the sharing of a common identity. It refers to harmony and concord that exist among religions. It may also refer to the acknowledgement of common ground among different faith groups. 	(4)
	2.1.3	 Belief that people are expected to accept without any doubts. It means a principle, tenet or system of beliefs, particularly laid down by a religion's collective religious authority. 	(4)
2.2	2.2.1	 The communal way of life is central. Punishment and reward are here and now. They believe in the concept of Ubuntu. 	(4)
	2.2.2	 They believe that they are the chosen nation for God. They believe that Jerusalem will be the capital city of the world. They believe that Israel is their land given by God. 	(4)
2.3	2.3.1	 Regression is to turn to a previous and less advanced state. Evolution is a process of development or growth/progression to a higher stage. 	(4)
	2.3.2	 Bodhisattva in Buddhism is someone who is at the service of enlightenment of others, helping them to be free from the cycle of birth and rebirth. Buddha means 'enlightened one' in Buddhism. 	(4)
	2.3.3	 A descriptive statement is a statement that can be proven true or false by observation. A normative statement affirms how things should be. 	(4)
2.4	2.4.1	 It helps members to identify who belongs and who doesn't belong to a particular religion. It helps members to explain why they have chosen that religion. It provides believers with reasons for why their religion is best. 	(4)
	2.4.2	 There would be no unity among members. There is no identity of a religion. People can be more easily misled. 	(4)

Religion Studies/P1 DBE/May/June 2024 SC/NSC – Marking Guidelines 2.5 Parables are used as a powerful teaching tool. They provide us with a rich source of wisdom. They contain religious beliefs, ideas, morals and warnings. (6)NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. 2.6 2.6.1 Western view: Religious tolerance means allowing people to convert from one religion to another. (2)Freedom to follow a religion of your choice. 2.6.2 Eastern view: Religious tolerance means allowing people to take what is best from a variety of different sources and apply them at the same time. (2) Freedom to practise more than one religion. [50] **QUESTION 3** 3.1 3.1.1 According to some religions, 'doomsday' refers to the end day of the universe. It refers to the catastrophic destruction of civilisation. (2)It refers to Judgement Day. 3.1.2 Starvation Strangulation Suffocation (4)Blunt force injuries 3.1.3 Religious people believe in supernatural power. That is why they can easily become victims. It is difficult to differentiate between religion and cult because both believe in supernatural power. Most religious communities rely on their religious leaders for their spiritual guidance, so they become vulnerable to cults. (6)NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. 3.1.4 Cults have some unusual practices that are against morality and ethics. Religion promotes good morals and has established ethics. It is widely accepted. A cult involves manipulation, intimidation and isolation. A religion's teachings are open to discussion and interpretation. Cults often comprise bizarre, pagan rituals. Religious rituals are based on sound religious teachings. (4) NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. 3.1.5 They want wealth. They want fame. They are not faithful servants of the living God.

Religion Studies/P1 DBE/May/June 2024 SC/NSC – Marking Guidelines They are competing with each other. NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. (8)3.1.6 People who read this article will not believe in the supernatural power of God. People will be discouraged to go to church. They will be warier of deviant leaders. Pastors will lose power, respect and dignity in the community. The young generation will not want to associate themselves with religion. People will become more critical. (10)NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. 3.1.7 YES They sacrificed their lives to see Jesus. They followed every instruction from their pastor for the sake of Jesus. They believed that their pastor was a true servant of Christ. (8)They endured much suffering for the sake of their religion. 3.2 It prevents people from being independent thinkers. People can become atheists because of the influence of biased reporting. Journalists' reporting simply mirrors their own prejudices. Journalists often do not possess specialist knowledge of religions, and therefore often misinterpret information. The media thrives on sensationalism. It will therefore publish mainly (8) negative reports about religion. NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited. [50] **QUESTION 4** 4.1 4.1.1 (2) Africa 4.1.2 Sufi groups Al-Shabaab (4) 4.1.3 Singing Dancing (6)Meditation 4.1.4 It is an intra-religious conflict because both Sufis and Al-Shabaab are Muslim. It is an inter-religious conflict because Al-Shabaab destroyed (4) churches. 4.1.5 The Al-Shabaab destroyed their shrines. Sufi sites and ancient graves were demolished. Sufi scholars felt discriminated against and engulfed in what (6)they perceived as a religious identity conflict.

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- 4.1.6 There must be disarmament of all warring factions.
 - They should form a government of national unity, which must include all factions of the society.
 - They should establish a truth and reconciliation commission, so that past atrocities may be brought to light.
 - Those who confess their political/religious crimes should be given amnesty.
 - The state must adopt a secular approach and must protect all religious groups equally.
 - An independent judiciary must be established.
 - A religious leaders' forum must be established so that all (10) religions can interact with the government.

(8)

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

- They must facilitate negotiations between the factions.
 - They must work with humanitarian organisations.
 - They must use their places of worship as shelters for refugees.
 - Religious leaders can call an interreligious summit to discuss the conflict.
 The dialogue should lead to practical steps that can be taken on both sides.
 - Religious leaders are still respected and can act as mediators between conflicting parties.
 - Religious organisations can use their religious conviction about peace in the world and the sacredness of life, to lead and model peaceful behaviour.
 - They can mobilise people to pray for and support the affected people.

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

4.3 **EXAMPLE 1: BUDDHISM**

- Buddhist teachings are against any form of conflict.
- Buddhism teaches that aggrieved parties must strive to overcome the roots of their suffering from within.
- Engaging in conflict is against Buddhist teachings of acceptance, compassion, non-aggression, etc.
- Conflict is against living an honest, kind and conscientious life in Buddhism.
- The six principles of Buddhism are to create love and respect, strive for cohesion, non-dispute, concord and unity.
- Buddhism's golden rule is: choose your friends wisely, and treat the people with whom you come into contact with compassion and sensitivity to their situation. This will reduce the chances of conflict.

EXAMPLE 2: BAHÁ'I

 Universal peace is assured by Bahá'u'lláh as a fundamental accomplishment of the religion of God.

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- The Bahá'i believe in the unity of the Creator and the unity of humanity.
- They also believe that the Earth is one country for all humanity to live in harmony.
- Bahá'u'lláh says, 'Do not quarrel with anybody, and shun every form of dispute.'
- 'If any differences arise amongst you, behold Me standing before your face, and overlooking the faults of one another for My name's sake and as a token of your love for My manifest.'
- This means that as God overlooks our faults through His love for us, we must forgive those who trespass against us.

must forgive those who trespass against us.

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

(10) **[50]**

(4)

(6)

QUESTION 5

- 5.1 5.1.1 Human Rights Watch
 Human Rights Institute at San Jose State University. (4)
 - 5.1.2 Ghazni province (2)
 - Afghanistan is now an Islamic state.
 - They want to get rid of western ideology and philosophy in Afghanistan. (4)
 - Males and females have separate facilities.

 There is no intermingling of males and females. (2)

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

5.1.5 **Advantages**

- Men and women filling the same occupation within firms are assigned the same specific job.
- There is less likelihood of extra-marital affairs.
- Work ethics will improve, as there is less distraction.

Disadvantages

- Gender segregation reinforces sexual stereotypes.
- Negative stereotypes may thus be reinforced.

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

• They have no access to secondary and higher education.

- They must follow religious curricula.
- Their dress code is strictly enforced.
- There are strict travel regulations on women.

NOTE: ANY THREE of the above must be credited.

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5.1.7 **NO**

- The report is based on findings of two independent organisations.
- The report is based on actual facts.

YES

- It is anti-Taliban, who defeated the US army.
- Researchers were using Western ideology to judge Islamic values.

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

(4)

- During the opening of Parliament, different religions share the same platform when praying.
 - Different religions are co-existing and everyone is free to worship anywhere regardless of race, colour or language.
 - There is freedom of religious observance and conscience in public schools.
 - Religion studies as a subject covers different religious traditions, instead of a single faith instruction.
 - Religious dressing is allowed on special religious holidays.

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

(10)

- Morals are personal values of right or wrong that runs in your being.
 - Ethics are standards of good or bad accepted in a certain community or profession.

5.4 **EXAMPLE 1: HINDUISM**

- The virtue of non-harming (ahimsa) is the key virtue in Hindu ethic.
- Hindus view ahimsa as non-violence, honest compassion and true love.
- Other important ethical principles are non-attachment (vairagya) and truthfulness.
- Sotya, truth and non-falsehood, is an important teaching in Hindus.
- Asteya, non-stealing, is highly recommended.

EXAMPLE 2: JUDAISM

- Loving kindness is the core ethical virtue in Judaism.
- Moral laws and ethics are derived from the Ten Commandments.
- Moral principles include justice, healing the world, charity and kindness to others.
- Taking care of widows and orphans is key in Jewish communities.
- In Judaism, hospitality is the core value.

(10)

NOTE: Other relevant answers must be credited.

Three x2 marks are awarded for the naming of THREE relevant teachings.

The remaining four marks are awarded for discussion of any two teachings.

[50]

TOTAL SECTION B: 100 GRAND TOTAL: 150