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Department:
Basic Education
REPUBLIC OF SOUTH AFRICA

**SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS/
NATIONAL SENIOR CERTIFICATE EXAMINATIONS
SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN/
NASIONALE SENIORSERTIFIKAAT-EKSAMEN**

MATHEMATICAL LITERACY P1/WISKUNDIGE GELETTERDHEID VI

2022

MARKING GUIDELINES/NASIENRIGLYNE

MARKS/PUNTE: 150

Symbol/Kode	Explanation/Verduideliking
M	Method/Metode
MA	Method with accuracy/Metode met akkuraatheid
CA	Consistent accuracy/Volgehoue akkuraatheid
A	Accuracy/Akkuraatheid
C	Conversion/Herleiding
S	Simplification/Vereenvoudiging
RT	Reading from a table/graph/document/diagram/Lees vanaf tabel/grafiek/dokument/diagram
SF	Correct substitution in a formula/Korrekte vervanging in 'n formule
O	Opinion/Explanation/Opinie/Verduideliking
P	Penalty, e.g. for no units, incorrect rounding off, etc./Penalisasie, bv. vir geen eenhede, verkeerde afronding, ens.
R	Rounding off/Afronding
NPR	No penalty for rounding/Geen penalisasie vir afronding nie
AO	Answer only/Slegs antwoord
MCA	Method with consistent accuracy/Metode met volgehoue akkuraatheid
RCA	Rounding consistent with accuracy/Afronding met volgehoue akkuraatheid
*	Refer to Notes/Verwys na notas

**These marking guidelines consist of 15 pages and 2 pages of notes
Hierdie nasienriglyne bestaan uit 15 bladsye en 2 bladsye notas.**

NOTE:

- If a candidate answers a question TWICE, only mark the FIRST attempt.
- If a candidate has crossed out (cancelled) an attempt to a question and NOT redone the solution, mark the crossed out (cancelled) version.
- Consistent accuracy (CA) applies in ALL aspects of the marking guidelines; however it stops at the second calculation error.
- If the candidate presents any extra solution when reading from a graph, table, layout plan and map, then penalise for every extra item presented.

LET WEL:

- As 'n kandidaat 'n vraag TWEE KEER beantwoord, sien slegs die EERSTE poging na.
- As 'n kandidaat 'n antwoord van 'n vraag doodtrek (kanselleer) en nie oordoen nie, sien die doodgetrekte (gekanselleerde) poging na.
- Volgehoue akkuraatheid (CA) word in ALLE aspekte van die nasienriglyne toegepas, dit hou op by die tweede berekeningsfout.
- Wanneer 'n kandidaat aflesings vanaf 'n grafiek, tabel, uitlegplan en kaart geneem en ekstra antwoorde gee, penaliseer vir elke ekstra item.

QUESTION/VRAAG 1 [32 MARKS/PUNTE] ANSWER ONLY FULL MARKS			
Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
1.1.1	Cost of 1 yoghurt/ <i>Koste van 1 jogurt</i> ✓RT $= R10,99 \div 6$ ✓MA $= R1,83$	1RT correct values 1MA dividing by 6 (2)	F L1
*1.1.2	Number of apples per bag/ <i>Aantal appels per sak</i> $= R22,99 \div R2,87$ ✓MA $= 8,01$ $= 8$ ✓A	1MA dividing correct values 1A simplification (2)	F L1
1.1.3	Total cost in rand per lunch pack/ <i>Totale koste in rand per kospakkie</i> ✓RT ✓M $= R5,63 + R3,54 + R2,87 + R1,83 + R1,57 + R1,55 + R1,37$ $= R18,36$	1RT all correct values 1M adding correct values (2)	F L1
1.1.4	Selling price of ONE lunch pack/ <i>Verkoopprijs van EEN kospakkie</i> ✓MA $= R18,36 + R16,64$ $= R35,00$ ✓A	1MA adding correct values 1A simplification (2)	F L1
*1.1.5	Profit is the difference between the Selling price and the Cost price Yvette makes when selling the lunch packs/ ✓✓A <i>Wins is die verskil tussen die verkoopprijs en die kosprys wat Yvette maak deurdat sy kospakkies verkoop.</i>	2A difference between SP and CP (2)	F L1

Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
*1.1.6	\checkmark RT $135 : 85 \quad \checkmark$ MA $27 : 17 \quad \checkmark$ MCA	1RT correct values 1MA values in correct order. 1MCA simplification <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">MCA if order is correct</div> (3)	F L1
1.2.1	Tree diagram/ <i>Boomdiagram</i> $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A tree diagram (2)	P L1
1.2.2	(a) Brown Bread/ <i>Bruinbrood</i> $\checkmark\checkmark$ A (b) RT $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A correct option 2A correct outcome (4)	P L1
1.2.3	6 $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A correct number (2)	P L1
*1.2.4	2 $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A correct number (2)	P L1
1.3.1	Box-and-whisker / <i>Mond-en-snor, Houer-en-punt</i> $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A correct name (2)	D L1
1.3.2	Inter-Quartile Range/ <i>Interkwartielomvang</i> $\checkmark\checkmark$ A	2A explanation (2)	D L1
*1.3.3	270 $\checkmark\checkmark$ RT	2RT correct value (2)	D L1
*1.3.4	Difference/ <i>Verskil</i> \checkmark RT $= 440 - 140 \quad \checkmark$ RT $= 300 \quad \checkmark$ CA	1RT correct value 1RT correct value 1CA simplification <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">CA if one value is correct and subtracting</div> (3)	D L1
		[32]	

QUESTION/VRAAG 2 [32 MARKS/PUNTE]			
Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
2.1.1	BGD 0016 ✓✓A	2A correct reference number AO (2)	F L1
2.1.2	Easier to read numbers on long bank statements OR to identify which clients have made payments to their accounts OR convenience OR filing purposes/ ✓✓A <i>Makliker om getalle te lees op lang bankstate OF om die kliente te identifiseer wie die paaieimente na hulle rekeninge gemaak het OF gemak OF liasering doeleindes</i>	2A correct explanation (2)	F L4
*2.1.3	A = R3 205,51 – R3 206,00 ✓MA = – R0,49 ✓A OR/OF A = R1 498,14 – R1 498,63 ✓MA = - R0, 49 ✓A	1MA subtracting correct values 1A simplification OR/OF 1MA subtracting correct values 1A simplification AO (2)	F L1
2.1.4	Total amount due excluding VAT/ <i>Totale bedrag betaalbaar BTW uitgesluit</i> $= R2\ 340,73 \times \frac{100}{115}$ ✓MA = R2 035,42 ✓A OR/OF $= R2\ 340,73 \div 1,15$ ✓MA = R2 035,42 ✓A OR/OF VAT amount = $R2\ 340,73 \times \frac{15}{115}$ = R305,31 ✓MA Total amount excluding VAT = R2 340,73 – R305,31 = R2 035,42 ✓A	1MA multiplying by $\frac{100}{115}$ 1A simplification OR/OF 1MA dividing by 1,15 1A simplification OR/OF 1MA calculating VAT 1A calculating amount before VAT (2)	F L2

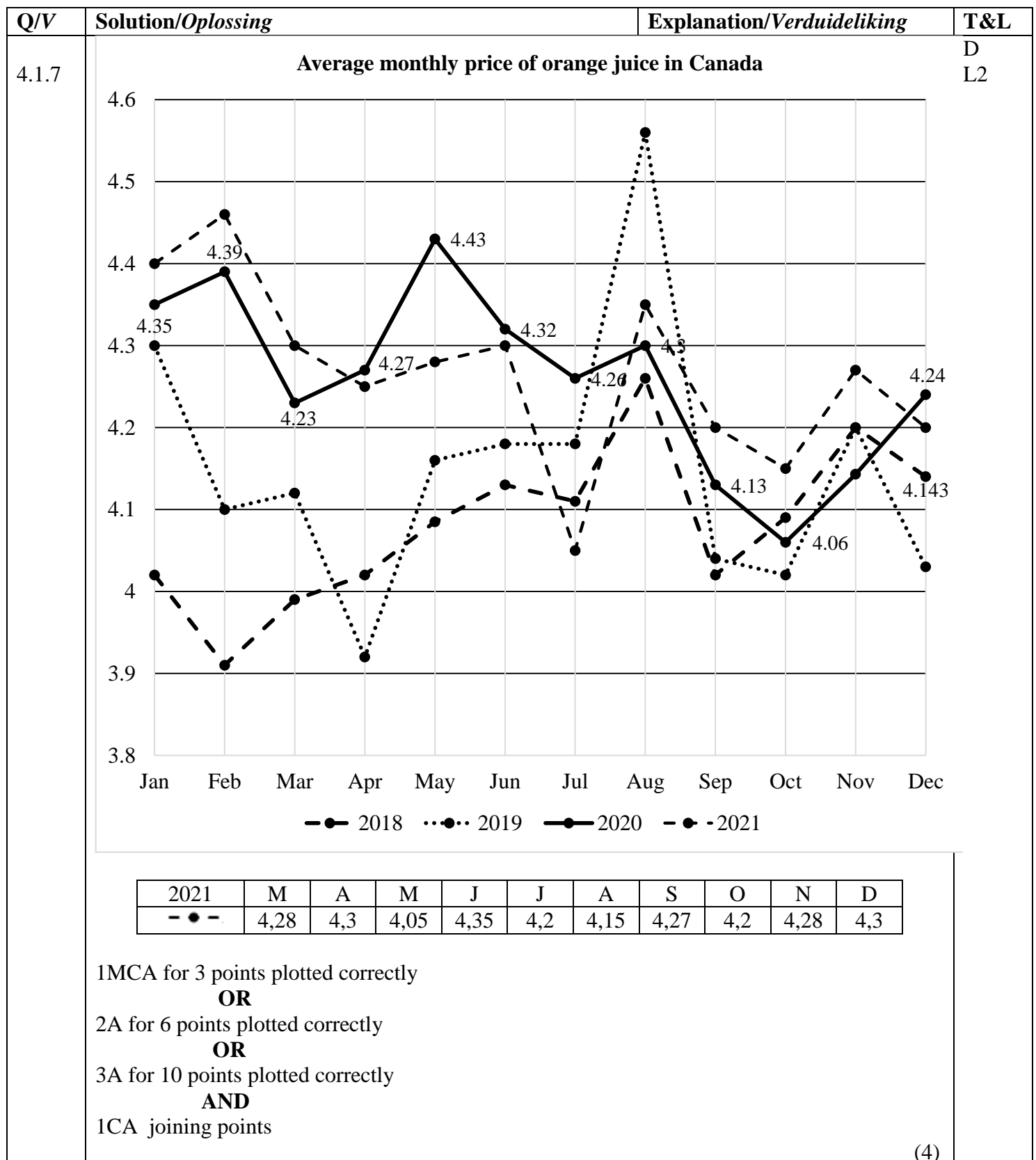
Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
2.1.5	Percentage/Persentasie \checkmark_{RT} $= \frac{R1\ 498,63}{R2\ 340,73} \times 100\%$ \checkmark_{RT} $= 64,02304378\%$ \checkmark_{CA} $= 64,02\%$ \checkmark_R	1RT correct levy 1RT correct denominator 1CA simplification <div>CA if one value is correct</div> 1R rounding (4)	F L2
*2.1.6	All electronic bank payments OR All Bank Deposits OR Cheques $\checkmark\checkmark_A$ <i>Alle elektroniese bank betalings OF Alle bank depositos</i> <i>OF Tjeks</i>	2A correct option (2)	F L1
2.1.7	Total amount collected/Totale bedrag gekollekteer \checkmark_{RT} $= 49 \times R30,90$ \checkmark_{MA} $= R1\ 514,10$ \checkmark_{CA}	1RT identifying correct levy 1MA multiplying correct values 1CA simplification <div>correct calculation using the standard levy</div> (3)	F L2
*2.1.8	Standard Levy increase/Standaard heffings verhooging $= R1\ 498,63 \times 6,45\%$ \checkmark_{MA} $= R96,661635$ $= R96,66$ \checkmark_{CA} Standard Levy after increase/ <i>Standaard heffings na verhooging</i> $= R1\ 498,63 + R96,66$ \checkmark_{MCA} $= R1\ 595,29$ \checkmark_{CA} <i>(Accept R1 595,30)</i> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> \checkmark_A $= R1\ 498,63 \times \frac{106,45}{100}$ \checkmark_M \checkmark_M $= R1\ 595,29$ \checkmark_{CA} <i>(Accept R1 595,30)</i>	1MA correct value multiplied by 6,45% 1CA simplification 1MCA adding the increase 1CA simplification <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> 1A calculating 106,45% 1M multiplying by 106,45% 1M dividing by 100 1CA simplification (4)	F L2

Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
2.2.1	Transport fee annually/ <i>Jaarlikse vervoerkoste</i> \checkmark MA $= 2 \times R929,00 \times 11$ \checkmark MA $= R20\,438,00$ \checkmark CA	1MA multiplying R929,00 by 2 1MA multiplying by 11 1CA simplification (3)	F L2
2.2.2	After care for/nasorg vir 2: $R7\,700 \times 2 = R15\,400$ \checkmark A School fees 2 nd child with 10% discount: <i>Skoolfooie vir 2de kind met 10%-afslag</i> \checkmark MA $R30\,723 - R3\,072,30 = R27\,650,70$ \checkmark CA Total school fee/Totale skoolfooie $= R30\,723 + R27\,650,70 = R58\,373,70$ \checkmark CA Discount for paying early/Afslag vir vroeg betaling \checkmark MA $= 7,5\% \times R58\,373,70$ $= R4\,378,03$ School fee payable/ <i>Skoolfooie betaalbaar</i> $= R58\,373,70 - R4\,378,03 = R53\,995,67$ \checkmark CA Total spent by parent/Totaal Spandeer deur ouer: After care + School fees+ Transport <i>Nasorg + Skoolfooie + Vervoer</i> $= R15\,400 + R53\,995,67 + R20\,438$ \checkmark M $= R89\,833,67$ \checkmark CA	CA from Question 2.2.1 1A after care fee 1MA calculating discount 1CA discounted School Fees by 10% 1CA total fee 1MA calculating 7,5% 1CA discounted school fees 1M adding all values 1CA total spending <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;"> Aftercare: 1 mark 2nd learner fees: 2 marks Total fees – discount: 3 marks Adding and total: 2 marks </div> (8)	F L3 TR
		[32]	

QUESTION/VRAAG 3 [21 MARKS/PUNTE]			
Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
3.1.1	Northern Cape (NC) /Noord-Kaap (NK) ✓✓RT	2RT correct answer (2)	D L1
*3.1.2	Estimated Total(Eastern Cape)/Geskatte Totaal(Oos-Kaap) ✓RT ✓MA (3 050 + 6 513 + 1 991) thousands/duisende = 11 554 000 ✓CA	1RT correctly estimated values 1MA adding values 1CA answer in correct format CA two correct values in thousands Penalty for omitting thousands = 2/3 marks AO (3)	D L1
3.1.3	<p>✓C $2\,400,444 = \frac{2\,545+5\,182+4\,330+6\,513+628+1\,527+A+84+596}{9}$ ✓A $A + 21\,405 = 2\,400,444 \times 9$ ✓MA ✓MCA $A = 21\,603,996 - 21\,405$ $= 198,996$ ✓CA His assumption is valid/Sy aanname is geldig ✓O</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p> ✓M $2\,400\,444 \times 9$ provinces/provinsies $= 21\,603\,996$ ✓MCA $= 21\,603,996$ thousand/duisend ✓C ✓MCA ✓A $A = 21\,603,996 - (2\,545+5\,182+4\,330+6\,513+628+1\,527+84+596)$ $= 198,996$ ✓CA His assumption is valid/Sy aanname is geldig ✓O</p>	<p>1M concept of mean 1C converting to table values 1A adding table values 1MA multiplying by 9 1MCA simplification 1CA simplification 1O conclusion</p> <p>OR/OF 1M multiplying by 9 1MCA simplification 1C converting to table values 1MCA subtracting 1A adding rest of values 1CA simplification 1O conclusion (7)</p>	D L4 TR
3.2.1	Numerical data/Numeriese Data ✓✓A	2A correct answer (2)	D L1
3.2.2	A = 25% – (5 + 2 + 2)% ✓MA = 16% ✓CA	1MA subtracting correct value 1CA simplification AO (2)	D L2

Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
3.2.3	Horticulture/ <i>Tuinbou</i> $= 27\% \times \text{R}317,6 \text{ billion/miljard}$ ✓MA $= \text{R}85,752 \text{ billion/miljard}$ ✓CA $= \text{R } 85\,752 \text{ million/miljoen}$ ✓C	1MA calculating % 1CA simplification 1C converting to million (3)	D L2
3.2.4	South Africa has other livestock like goats and pigs whose percentage is <u>very small</u> / <i>Suid Afrika het ander vee soos bokke en varke wie se persentasie baie klein is.</i> <div style="text-align: right;">✓✓A</div> OR/OF Any other poultry that the percentage is <u>to small</u> / <i>Enige ander pluimvee wat se persentasie te klein is</i>	2A correct answer (2)	D L4
		[21]	

QUESTION/VRAAG 4 [32 MARKS/PUNTE]																			
Q/V	Solution/Oplossing					Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L												
4.1.1	February/Februarie 2019 CAD 4,10 ✓RT January/Januarie 2019 <u>-CAD 4,30</u> ✓M Hence cost/Gevolgtlik kos CAD 0,20 less/minder ✓A					1RT correct values 1M subtracting 1A simplification (3)	D L2												
4.1.2	✓RT ✓RT February/Februarie 2018 OR/OF ✓RT 02/2018 ✓RT					1RT correct month 1RT correct year (2)	D L2												
*4.1.3	November 2018 ✓RT November 2019 ✓RT OR/OF 11/2018 ✓RT 11/2019 ✓RT OR/OF ✓RT November 2018 and 2019 ✓RT					1RT correct month 1RT correct years (2)	D L2												
*4.1.4	<table border="1"><tr><td>4,06</td><td>4,13</td><td>4,143</td><td>4,23</td><td>4,24</td><td>4,26</td></tr><tr><td>4,27</td><td>4,3</td><td>4,32</td><td>4,35</td><td>4,39</td><td>4,43</td></tr></table> ✓A ✓RT Median/Mediaan = $\frac{4,26 + 4,27}{2}$ ✓M Median/Mediaan = CAD 4,265 ✓A					4,06	4,13	4,143	4,23	4,24	4,26	4,27	4,3	4,32	4,35	4,39	4,43	1A arranging in order 1RT correctly middle values 1M concept of median (÷2) 1A simplification (4)	D L3
4,06	4,13	4,143	4,23	4,24	4,26														
4,27	4,3	4,32	4,35	4,39	4,43														
*4.1.5	The price <u>increases steadily</u> until it reaches June, thereafter it <u>decreases slightly</u> /Die prys <u>verhoog geleidelik</u> totdat dit Junie bereik, waarna dit <u>effens afneem</u> . ✓A					1A increase 1A indicate decrease (2)	D L4												
*4.1.6	Price for March 2021/Prys vir Maart 2021 CAD4,46 - CAD0,16 =CAD4,30 ✓A Percentage Increase/Persentasie toename ✓MCA ✓A $= \frac{4,30 - 4,23}{4,23} \times 100\%$ = 1,65% ✓CA					1A finding price of March 1MCA substituting new value 1A substituting old value 1A denominator 1CA simplification <div>No penalty for unit</div> (5)	D L3												



(4)

Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
4.2	<p><u>Cape Town/Kaapstad</u></p> <p>Fixed Monthly/<i>Vaste maandelikse koste</i> = R104,50 ✓RT</p> <p>6 kℓ × R15,10 } 4,5 kℓ × R20,75 } ✓RT 24,5 kℓ × R28,20 } 10 kℓ × R52,04 }</p> <p>= R 90,60 } = R 93,38 } ✓S = R690,90 } = <u>R520,40</u> } = <u>R1499,78</u> ✓CA</p> <p><u>Ekurhuleni</u></p> <p>Fixed Monthly/<i>Vaste maandelikse koste</i> = R0,00 } 6 kℓ × R13,50 } 9 kℓ × R22,24 } ✓RT 15 kℓ × R27,24 } 15 kℓ × R33,90 }</p> <p>= R81,00 } = R200,16 } ✓S = R408,60 } = <u>R508,50</u> } = <u>R1198,26</u> ✓CA</p> <p>Difference per month/<i>Verskil per maand</i>: R1499,78 – R1198,26 = R301,52 ✓MCA</p> <p>Difference per year/<i>Verskil per jaar</i>: R301,52 × 12 = R3618,24 ✓MCA</p> <p>He is incorrect/<i>Hy is nie korrek nie.</i> ✓O</p>	<p>1RT fixed monthly 1RT using correct values 1S calculating tariffs 1CA finding total cost</p> <p>1RT using correct values 1S calculating tariffs 1CA finding total cost</p> <p>1MCA finding monthly difference</p> <p>1MCA finding yearly difference 1O correct conclusion</p> <p>(10)</p>	F L4 TR
		[32]	

QUESTION/VRAAG 5 [33 MARKS/PUNTE]			
Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
5.1.1	Three million, four hundred and fifty seven thousand, nine hundred and twenty rand/ $\checkmark\checkmark$ A <i>Drie miljoen vier honderd sewe en vyftig duisend nege honderd en twintig rand.</i>	2A correct answer (2)	F L1
5.1.2	$\frac{1}{3}$ withdrawal/ontrek $= \frac{1}{3} \times R3\,457\,920 \checkmark$ MA $= R1\,152\,640 \checkmark$ A	1MA multiplying by fraction 1A simplification AO (2)	F L1
5.1.3 (a)	Tax/Belasting $R130\,500 + 36\% \text{ of taxable income above } 1\,050\,000 \checkmark$ A <i>van belasbare inkomste</i> $R130\,500 + 36\% (R3\,457\,920,00 - R1\,050\,000,00) \checkmark$ SF $R130\,500 + (36\% \times R2\,407\,920) \checkmark$ S $R130\,500 + R866\,851,20 \checkmark$ MCA $= R997\,351,20 \checkmark$ CA Her statement is not correct/ <i>Haar bewering is nie korrek nie. \checkmark</i> O	1A correct tax bracket 1SF correct substitution 1S simplification 1MCA simplification 1CA simplification 1O not correct (6)	F L4

Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
5.1.3 (b)	<p>Loan amount/<i>Lening bedrag</i> $\checkmark A$ $= R3\,457\,920,00 \div 9,8798 \quad \checkmark MA$ $= R349\,998,99 \quad \checkmark CA$ $= R350\,000,00 \quad \textbf{OR/OF} \quad R350 \text{ thousand/} \textit{duisend} \quad \checkmark R$</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>Loan amount/<i>Lening bedrag</i> = L</p> $\frac{9,8798}{1} = \frac{3\,457\,920}{L} \quad \checkmark A$ $L = \frac{3\,457\,920}{9,8798} \quad \checkmark MA$ $= R349\,998,99 \quad \checkmark CA$ $= R350\,000,00 \quad \textbf{OR/OF} \quad R350 \text{ thousand/} \textit{duisend} \quad \checkmark R$	<p>1A using correct values 1MA dividing by 9,8798</p> <p>1CA simplification</p> <p>1R rounded to nearest 1 000</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR/OF</p> <p>1A using correct values</p> <p>1MA dividing by 9,8798</p> <p>1CA simplification</p> <p>1R rounded to nearest 1 000 (4)</p>	F L3
5.1.3 (c)	<p>Total interest/<i>Totale rente</i></p> $= R350\,000 \times \frac{7,8}{100} \times 3 \quad \checkmark MA$ $= R\,81\,900 \quad \checkmark MCA$ <p>Total amount/<i>Totale bedrag</i> $= R81\,900 + R350\,000 \quad \checkmark MCA$ $= R431\,900 \quad \checkmark CA$</p>	<p>CA from Question 5.1.3(b)</p> <p>1MA multiply by % and 3</p> <p>1MCA simplification <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; display: inline-block;">At least two correct values</div></p> <p>1MCA adding values 1CA simplification (4)</p>	F L2

Q/V	Solution/Oplissing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
5.2.1	<p>Determine the exchange rate/<i>Bepaal die wisselkoers</i></p> <p>0,0969907 NZD = 1 ZAR ✓RT 0,0581765 € = 1 ZAR ✓RT</p> <p>$\therefore \frac{0,0969907 \text{ NZD}}{0,0969907} = \frac{0,0581765 \text{ €}}{0,0969907}$ ✓M $\therefore 1 \text{ NZD} = 0,59981524 \text{ €}$ ✓CA</p>	<p>1RT correct exchange rate 1RT correct exchange rate</p> <p>1M dividing by exchange rate 1CA simplification</p> <p>(4)</p>	F L2
*5.2.2	<p>Total cost/<i>Totale koste</i></p> <p>0,0969907 NZD = 1 ZAR 0,0581765 € = 1 ZAR</p> <p>Skilled migrant visa/<i>Geskoolde migrante visa</i> $= \frac{2\,093}{0,0581765} \times 1$ ✓MA = R35 976,726 = R35 976,73 ✓A</p> <p>Visa for entrepreneurs/<i>Visa vir entrepreneurs</i> $= \frac{4\,745}{0,0969907} \times 1$ ✓MA = R48 922,21625 = R48 922,22 ✓A</p> <p>= R35 976,73 + R48 922,22 ✓MCA = R84 898,95 \approx R84 900 ✓R</p>	<p>1MA dividing by exchange rate 1A simplification</p> <p>1MA dividing by exchange rate 1A simplification</p> <p>1MCA adding values 1R simplification NP for early rounding</p> <p>(6)</p>	F L3 TR

Q/V	Solution/Oplossing	Explanation/Verduideliking	T&L
5.3.1	Graph/Grafiek A ✓A As the months go by it costs less Chinese yen to buy one US dollar OR The scale on the vertical axis was manipulated to show a steeper decline/ ✓✓O <i>Soos die maande verby gaan kos dit minder jen om een VSA dollar te koop OF Die skaal van die vertikale as was gemanipuleer om 'n skerper afname te toon.</i>	1A Graph A 2O correct reason (3)	D L4
5.3.2	Using a different scale. <i>Deur gebruik te maak van 'n ander skaal.</i> ✓✓O	2O correct reason (2)	D L4
		[33]	
	TOTAL/TOTAAL: 150		

NOTES:

Level 4 Questions: Calculations must be evident in order to award the conclusion/opinion mark. When rounding it must be correctly rounded to a minimum of 2 decimal places unless stated otherwise. In Level 3 and Level 4 type Questions correct early rounding will not be penalised.

QUESTION 1

1.1.2	Accept: $R22,99 \div 8 = R2,87$ Therefore, there are 8 apples Accept reverse calculation i.e. $R2,87 \times 8 = R22,99$
1.1.5	Cover expenses and still able to make extra = 2 marks
1.1.6	Unit Ratio = 3 marks $\frac{135}{135} : \frac{85}{135}$ $1 : 0,629629629$ OR $\frac{135}{85} : \frac{85}{85}$ $1,588235294 : 1$ Accept accurate reverse calculation
1.2.4	If answer is 3 = 1/2 marks $3/6 = 0$ marks $2/4 = 1/2$ marks
1.3.3	If calculated = 2 marks If the median of store B (245) used = 1/2 marks
1.3.4	Use Store A = 1/3 marks (CA)
QUESTION 2	
2.1.3	If a positive R0,49 is given = 1/2 marks
2.1.6	Acceptable examples: Bank deposit EFT – card swipe Debit order Stop order Internal Transfer
2.1.8	Any other value from addendum $\times 6,45\% = 3/4$ marks
QUESTION 3	
3.1.2	AO - 11 554 = 2/3 marks

QUESTION 4	
4.1.3	As the question is indicated (wording) the following can also be accepted: 1) Sept 2018 and Oct 2019 2) Nov 2020 and Dec 2018 3) Jan 2019 and Aug 2020 = 1/2 marks
4.1.4	Must show 4,265 in order to get the mark for 4,27
4.1.5	Steadily increasing to June then decline in July month = full marks Upward trend and downward trend = 1/2 marks
4.1.6	Candidates left out % sign. Awarded full marks. Percentage is implied in “percentage increase”
QUESTION 5	
5.2.2	No penalty for early rounding: = R36 000 + R48 900 \approx R84 900
	If multiplying and adding (the same unit) = 2/6 marks (MCA;R)